

When you have finished your test begin working on the pre-lab for Specific Heat. *Skip #6*

Specific heat capacity = Amount of heat required to raise
(C_p) the temperature of 1 gram of the substance 1°C

$\frac{\text{joules}}{\text{g}^\circ\text{C}}$ $\frac{\text{cal}}{\text{g}^\circ\text{C}}$

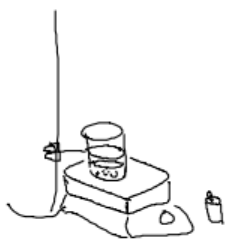
Calorie = the energy required to raise the temp of
1g of H_2O 1°C

$$C_{p\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 1 \text{ cal/g}^\circ\text{C} = 4.184 \text{ Joules/g}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{Heat} = (\text{mass})(T_{\text{final}} - T_{\text{initial}})(C_p)$$

$$500.0 \text{ g H}_2\text{O} \quad \Delta T = 6.0^\circ\text{C} \quad C_p = 4.184 \frac{\text{Joules}}{\text{g}^\circ\text{C}}$$

$$\text{Heat} = \underline{12552 \text{ J}} \rightarrow 13000 \text{ J}$$



Metal $T_i = 100.0^\circ\text{C}$
Metal $T_f = (\text{same as final for H}_2\text{O})$

$\text{H}_2\text{O } T_i$
(before Metal)

$\text{H}_2\text{O } T_f =$
(last high temp.)

$$D_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 1.00 \text{ g/ml}$$

10/27 Specific heat Capacity (C_p)

The energy (heat) required to raise the temperature of any substance 1°C for 1 gram.

Water: 1 calorie is the energy required to raise 1g of H_2O 1°C .

$$C_{p_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} 1 \frac{\text{cal}}{\text{g}^\circ\text{C}} = 4.184 \frac{\text{Joules}}{\text{g}^\circ\text{C}}$$

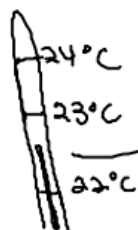
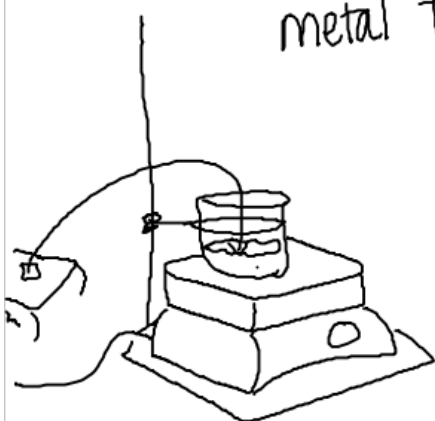
$$\text{Heat} = (\text{mass})_{\text{grams}} (T_{\text{final}} - T_{\text{initial}}) (C_p)$$

$\Delta T = T_{\text{final}} - T_{\text{initial}}$

$\text{cal/g}^\circ\text{C}$ or $\text{Joules/g}^\circ\text{C}$

metal $T_i = 100.0^\circ\text{C}$

metal $T_f =$ _____
(w/ H_2O)



$\text{H}_2\text{O } T_f =$ _____
(w/ metal) highest temp reached

Same

$$D_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 1.00 \text{ g/ml}$$

C = copper

$$C_{p_{\text{copper}}} = 0.39 \text{ J/g}^\circ\text{C}$$

T = tin

$$C_{p_{\text{tin}}} = 0.21 \text{ J/g}^\circ\text{C}$$

10/27

Specific Heat Capacity (C_p) = energy required to raise the temp.
of 1.00 gram of a substance up 1.00°C

calorie = energy required to raise the temp of 1.00g H_2O $\uparrow 1.00^\circ\text{C}$

1 calorie = 4.184 joules

$$C_{p_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} = 1.00 \frac{\text{cal}}{\text{g}^\circ\text{C}} = 4.184 \frac{\text{Joules}}{\text{g}^\circ\text{C}} \quad \text{Memorize}$$

1 Calorie = 1000 calorie (kilocalorie) 1 Kilojoule = 1000 joules (KJ)

$$\text{Heat} = (\text{mass}) (\Delta T) (C_{p_{\text{substance}}})$$

$\Delta T = T_{\text{final}} - T_{\text{initial}}$

