

I can perform calculations using scientific notation, significant figures, and unit conversions.

- 4.1. I can define metric units and prefixes and explain how metric units are used in measurement.
- 4.2. I can express numbers in scientific notation and standard notation.
- 4.3. I can perform calculations using significant figures.
- 4.4. I can convert between units, both metric and US standard.
- 4.5. I can distinguish between accuracy and precision in a given set of data

$$1. 15.9 \text{ mm} \xrightarrow{\text{m km}} 15.9 \text{ mm} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}}{1000 \text{ mm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ km}}{1000 \text{ m}} = \frac{0.0000159 \text{ km}}{1 \text{ cm}} = 1.59 \times 10^{-5} \text{ km}$$

$$2. 0.0982 \text{ kg} \xrightarrow{\text{g}} 0.0982 \text{ kg} \times \frac{100 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ kg}} \times \frac{100 \text{ cg}}{1 \text{ g}} = 982 \text{ cg}$$

$$3. \text{ g} \rightarrow \text{kg} 13455 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1000 \text{ g}} = 13.455 \text{ kg}$$

$$4. \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}} \xrightarrow{\text{m/s}} 13.5 \text{ km} \times \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \times \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}} = \frac{20.4 \text{ m}}{\text{sec}}$$

$$5. \frac{\text{g}}{\text{ml}} \rightarrow \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{L}} 4.52 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1000 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ ml}}{1 \text{ L}} = 4.52 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{L}}$$

$$6. 50.0 \text{ g} \rightarrow ? \text{ ml} 50.0 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mL}}{7.8 \text{ g}} = 6.36 \text{ mL}$$

$$7. 375.0 \text{ mL} \rightarrow \text{g} 375.0 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{0.178 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ L}} = 0.06675 \text{ g}$$

$$8. \text{ cm} \rightarrow \text{sec} 25.0 \text{ cm} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ sec}}{15.8 \text{ m}} = \frac{0.00541 \text{ sec}}{5.41 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sec}}$$

$$9. \text{ atoms} \rightarrow ? \text{ mol} 85.0 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}} = 4.15 \text{ mol}$$

$$10. \text{ atoms} \rightarrow ? \text{ mol} 25 \text{ atoms} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}} = 4.15 \times 10^{-23} \text{ mol}$$

$$11. \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}} \rightarrow \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}} 3.0 \times 10^5 \text{ cm} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}}{\text{sec}} \times \frac{1 \text{ km}}{100 \text{ cm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{1000 \text{ m}} \times \frac{1 \text{ sec}}{60 \text{ min}} \times \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} = 1080000000 \text{ km}$$

~~$1.01 \times 10^9 \text{ km hr}$~~

$$12. \frac{\text{mL}}{\text{mg}} \rightarrow \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mg}} 15.0 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{0.27 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ g}} = 94.3 \text{ mg}$$

$$\boxed{1 \text{ mole}} = \boxed{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms or molecules}} = \frac{\text{molar mass in grams from P.T.}}{} = 22.4 \text{ L (of gas)}$$

